

the laws of war and a reduction of armaments by the various Powers.

drawn, lest he should be accused of wincing in connection with the Conference, although, owing to the objections of the Italian Government, the Pope is not represented. It is announced that Russia has proposed no

London, 23rd May.
majority of the delegates are hopeful that
result of the conference will be to render wars
impossible in the near future.

f. Bloch, the Russian peace apostle, declares disarmament will follow the adoption by world of the principle of arbitration, and is the question to which the deliberations of the Conference will be chiefly directed.

London, 21st May.
M. Bourgeois, one of the French representa-
tives, and ex-Minister for Foreign Affairs has
been appointed president of the section of the
Paris Peace Conference with the question

London, 25th May.

London, 26th May.
Madame Rolinka has presented to M. de
Lath, President of the Peace Conference at

women in eighteen different countries. Despite the objections of the representatives of several of the European Powers, the American legation, Mr. Andrews D. White, insists upon a discussion of the question of the seizure of trade property at sea in time of war. It is

The Arbitration Committee has adopted the principle of mediation and arbitration in international disputes, and has appointed a sub-committee to study the Russian and Anglo-American projects that have been submitted to the conference.

the permanent International Arbitration Tribunal, as the scheme submitted by Russia did not provide for any permanency of the proposed tribunal. M. de Staal, the principal Russian representative, and President of the Conference

The Press censorship in Russia is preventing the Russian newspapers publishing any news of the proceedings of the Peace Conference.

by his Government for his indiscretion in having alleged that Great Britain prevented an invitation being given to the Transvaal to be represented at the Peace Conference.
London, 29th May.
The plan proposed by Sir Julian Pauncefote

— London, 30th May.
The following details of the plan proposed by Sir Julian Pauncefote, the principal British

or The Hague, should be empowered to arbitrate between any two Powers, whenever the disputants applied for the intervention of the Council, the disputants to choose the arbitrator from a list of persons nominated by the Council, either from a list of persons nominated by the Council, or from a list of persons nominated by the Council, or from a list of persons nominated by the Council.

has proposed that, pending the decision of the
tribunal, the two Powers whose dispute is being
adjudicated upon shall be permitted to mobilize
their forces.

London, 31st May

The United States are stated to be support

The Armaments Committee of the International Peace Conference have vetoed the use of explosive bullets, and also the Dumdum bullet which has been used by the British.

A proposal by the Russian representatives to prohibit the adoption of improved rifles and artillery was rejected.

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